

EUROPEAN NEWS.

[A considerable portion of the following intelligence was issued last night as a supplement.]

PLYMOUTH. (From the *M. M. Herald Correspondent*.)

August 4. By latest advices the Allied troops have crossed the Danube. The Russians, either through fear or for some strategic purpose, are on the move.

Letters from the Black Sea indicate a movement of the fleet, or rather a large portion of it, towards Varna, for the purpose, it is surmised, of embarking troops to march on the Crimean coast.

Fast-bottomed boats are constructing at Constantinople. Marshal St. Arnaud would command the 20,000 troops, said to be destined for this purpose. The land forces would act simultaneously with the fleet under Admiral Dundas. Possession of the Crimea is the object to which England and France points, and their warlike sons are panting to make the dangerous attempt. The Czar has long known this to exist, and has prepared accordingly. Should the contending parties meet the carnage will be frightful, and the result will be waited for with anxiety by all the civilised world.

Up to the end of July Sir C. Napier had continued a strict blockade in the Baltic. A reconnaissance of Cronstadt was made by all the fleet early in the month, but there was no attempt at an attack. A few more merchant prizes have been taken. The French troops in English ports of war are there, and everything indicates the intention to make a descent on the islands of Aland, an archipelago at the mouth of the Gulf of Bothnia, possessing good herbage for cattle, some fortifications, and anchorage for an immense fleet.

Bomarsund is the capital, and has once been bombarded successfully by small vessels. Its possession by larger ships can easily be obtained. The Aland Isles were formerly independent, and then passed into the hands of Sweden. Russia has long had dominion. It is conjectured that when the Allies conquer the islands the Swedes will join them. Admiral Corry, second in command, is coming home in consequence of ill-health.

There is no reliable intelligence of the movements of the small steam squadron in the White Sea. Report states that in attacking a fortification they were repulsed with loss.

The intelligence to the 1st of August does not record any extraordinary movement on the part of the Black Sea Fleet, which has maintained a strict blockade of Sebastopol, aided the Circassians, and helped the troops and transport ships from Constantinople to Varna. Some isolated cases of cholera have occurred, but the crews are in general in good health. Nearly all the officers and men of the Tiger have been released in exchange. They have received every accommodation in the Turkish ports. In consequence of piracies in the Grecian Archipelago some steam vessels have been sent there. The disturbed condition of Europe has encouraged piracy on the African shores of the Mediterranean, and the Riff pirates have seized several small brigs and schooners which have plundered. Punishment has since been dealt out to them by British vessels of war. Privateers seem to have appeared in the West Indies, the largest number of pirates have been sailing there under a convoy of war vessels. It is surmised that these privateers were fitted out in the southern States of America.

The seige of Silistra has been raised by the Russians, who were followed too closely by the Turks, when some losses occurred, including unfortunately, three or four British officers, volunteers in the service. Subsequently the Czar's forces were attacked at Giurgevo, with great loss on their side, and on the 30th, while marching, Vienna. The Times received from its reliable sources the following despatch:

"At four o'clock on the morning of the 23rd the Russians attacked the Turkish entrenched Camp, near Giurgevo, but were totally defeated, with the loss of 2000 men and 5000 prisoners. On the 25th, 300 wagons, loaded with the wounded men, arrived at Bucharest.

The Turks are following. They have passed the Argiche, and are encamped at Kalam.

Omar Pacha was expected at Bucharest on the 31st of July.

VIENNA. Vienna, Wednesday, August 2.

The Pacha of Belgrade has been informed, from the Ottoman head-quarters, that the Russians, in three columns, have commenced the evacuation of Wallachia, which will be occupied conjointly by Austrian and Ottoman troops.

The evacuation of Moldavia is not yet expected.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 24.—Fifteen ships, with Allied troops on board, have sailed from Baltschik for Anapa.

Two Allied steamers have sunk five Russian boats that were removing the machinery of the Tiger. Gunboats are being constructed for an expedition against Sebastopol.

VIENNA, Thursday, August 3.

BUCHAREST, July 30.—Prince Gortschakoff, with the Russian army, passed the night of the 29th at Shesla and Verschets, one and a half posts distant from Bucharest. They burnt two bridges on their retreat.

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VIENNA, Thursday Evening.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 27.—The cholera is increasing in violence. General Tarbucourt and Captain Pausset have died.

The defeat of the Turks at Kar is confirmed. The Russians invest Kar.

An Indo-British army corps is expected at Bagdad.

A division of the fleet, with Generals Canrobert and Brown, has left Varna to reconnoitre the Crimean coast.

The third French division left Varna on the 27th for Kustendje and Silistra.

THE TURKS. Smyrna, July 26.—Cholera is increasing.

BUCHAREST. July 30.—The Russians are concentrated at Shesla. 30,000 Turks held a fortified position at Slobodzia. A Turkish picket is at Kalagroni. The Russians demand 1000 wagons from the authorities, to transport munitions to Fokaschka.

PRINCE DANIEL is assuming a threatening attitude against the Turkish forces at Aptuz, because the Pasha refuses the extradition of Montenegro's insurgent chiefs.

GREECE. Athens, July 28.

The Ministry is formed. Mavrocordato, President of Foreign Affairs; Argyropoulos, Finance; Landor, Justice.

A manifesto, issued by Karyla, indicates the policy of the new Ministry. The Chamber will shortly be convened. New elections are expected.

Cases of cholera have taken place among the English troops.

THE BALTIC.

Copenhagen, Thursday, August 3.

General Baraguay demanded to sail up to his capital on the 1st instant at Lodsund.

The first division of French troops arrived there on the 31st July.

Nothing new.

A few cases of cholera had occurred.

EXPRESS FROM PARIS.

(By Electric Telegraph.)

Paris, Thursday, August 3.

PARIS BOURSE.—Closing Prices: Four-and-a-half per cent Rentes, for money, 98f. 75c.; ditto for account, 98f. 50c.; Three per Cent. ditto, for money, 98f. 95c.; ditto for account, 70f. 95c.; Bank Shares, 2900f.

MALTA. Malta, July 29.

Tunisian vessels, with troops for Constantinople, have arrived and left.

A few deaths from cholera had occurred among the troops.

The fleets were at Baltschik on the 19th July.

AUSTRIA.

(By SUBMARINE AND EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH.)

(From the *Sun*, August 3.)

We have received the following despatch last night, from our correspondent in Vienna:—

"The Emperor returned this morning at 11 o'clock.

"An hour later, Field-Zeugmeister Hess was with him.

"The army corps under Prince Francis Lichtenstein is ordered to advance from Pest to Galicia. The Austrian army in Galicia is moving towards the frontier.

"Archduke Albrecht has removed his head-quarters in the south-east corner of Transylvania.

"At Bucharest, on the 27th of July, the Turks were expected in two or three days, and will have a splendid reception. The *Press* states, under date Belgrade, August 1, that according to a despatch from the Turkish head-quarters, the Russians are leaving Wallachia in three weeks.

The province is to have an army of occupation of Turks and Austrians. The immediate occupation of Moldavia is not expected.

Dates from Constantinople to the 24th of July state that a strong body of the allied troops had gone in 15 ships from Baltschik to Anapa.

"Five Russian boats had been sunk by two English steamers while raising the engines of the Tiger.

"The arrival of Constantinople many gun boats are being fitted out."

"Cholera had appeared at Smyrna and Varna."

We have received from our correspondent at Malta news to the 29th ult.

The Manlia had arrived with ammunition.

The Smila, with the 4th Dragoons and the Colombo, with the 28th regiment, arrived on the 26th and departed on the 27th.

The Medora, with a company of Artillery from the garrison, sailed on the 27th.

PARIS, Wednesday evening.

Letters from Madrid of the 29th announce that Marshall Espartero made his entry into that capital on that day amid the exclamations of the populace. He proceeded to the Buena Vista Palace, which is to be his residence.

Australian Agricultural, 44 to 45; South Australian Land, 33 to 35; Van Diemen's Land, 11 to 12.

During the last three weeks in July, in consequence of the fine weather, grain raged 8s. to 13s. per quarter, present price, 6s. to 6s. Pearl barley, 37s. Oats, 32s. 6d.

Consols, 92f. Bank Stock, 21f. Reduced 22f.; 3f. per Cents, 92f.; Exchequer Bonds, 98f.; Bristol and Exeter, 96f.; Eastern Counties, 12f.; Great Western, 79f.; London and North Western, 106f.; London and South Western, 85f.; Midland, 67f.

MINES.—Australasian, 1 to 2f. dia.; Australian, 14 to 2f.; Australian Cordillera, 3 to 4f.; Australian Free-

holds, 1 to 1f.; Great Nugget Vein, 1 to 2f.; Port Phillip, 1 to 2f.

Mauritius sugars, low and middling brown, 24s. to 2s.; good fine brown, 28s. to 30s.; low and middling yellow, 30s. to 32s.

The price of coffee is receding. Timber and several articles are also declining.

The price of paper is on the advance, and old rags are therefore becoming valuable.

VIENNA, August 1.—The evacuation of the Principality by the Russians must be for strategic reasons, as no official communication of the fact has been made by the Czar to the Austrian Government. The diplomatist Gortschakoff has been informed that after the Emperor of Austria has joined the army no further negotiations relate to the evacuation of the Principality can be carried on.

Montenegro is in a very disturbed state.

Generals Hess and Kellner arrived from Jarney to-day. The *Times Correspondent* has the following authentic:

"July 27. Russians quitted and Turks occupied Fratetschi. The Russians were retreating in forced marches to Schevela and to Propontis and Olbia.

"The King of Denmark has sent more and more the galling yoke imposed upon him by his Russian Ministry, and has lately renewed his offer to resign his Crown. The Ministers were silent.

Various plans are in agitation by the Ministry for the abolition of the Constitution, but as yet no agreement has been come to. The people are not idle spectators. Violence will be met as it deserves. More peaceful intrigues will at once be rejected by the Parliament.

"The position of things here is most painful and unnatural, and the expense of the pro-Russian armament is enormous.

COPENHAGEN, July 28.

It is supposed that a new request for the co-operation of Sweden-Norway has been made.

The special commissioners who have been sent to Stockholm for that purpose have had an audience of King Oscar.

The Czar's position is not known, but they may be easily guessed—many subsidies, the garrisoning of the Aland Islands by the Allies, and the eventual restoration of Finland.

Several new transports, with troops for the Baltic, have reached Elsinore. Admiral Corry has left Copenhagen for England. It is hoped that the gallant admiral will not be long absent from his post, as his health and experience are known to every one.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

KING-STREET AUCTION MART.—
Sales by public auction and private treaty
July and second-hand furniture bought and sold; also
articles on goods for immediate sale, and sale punctually
at 11 o'clock. J. M. MURIEL, Auctioneer.

To Brothers, Dealers, and Furnishers.

Wool, Drapery, and Furniture.

M. R. J. M. HUGHES will sell by public
auction, THIS DAY (Friday), at eleven
o'clock, as his Mart, now situated close by the close of
the street, by order of the City Surveyor—comprising
iron bedsteads, 4-post and French
Stretchers.

Tables

Chairs of all kinds

Wool, &c., variety

Blankets and counterpanes. Also

All kinds of sundries, which must be sold without the slightest
reserve.

Terms, cash.

Buyers are invited to inspect the above before the sale commences.

PETERHAM.

Freehold Land, near the River Yerres and Roman Catholic
Church.

THE MESSRS. MOORE are instructed to
sell by public auction, THIS DAY, at 12
o'clock, upon the ground, a most eligible plot of land, situated in the township of
Peterham, containing 4, 5, and 6, adjoining West's prop-
erty on the north, and Barker-street on the south, and fronting
the Canterbury Road.

The value of this property is peculiarly desirable; it is close
to the railway station, where residences will be much sought for,
and it has a frontage of one hundred and thirty feet, and a
depth of ninety feet.

Title unacceptable.

Terms of sale.

To Perfumers, Hairdressers, Chemists, and others.

Twenty-five Cases, just landed, for Unsold Sales.

M. R. ROBERT MURIEL has received
instructions from the importer to sell by
public auction, at his Rooms, No. 453, George-street, THIS DAY,
the 20th instant, at 11 o'clock.

25—Twenty-five cases of Phillipson's choice perfume,
consisting of

Essences, in various variety

Lavender water

Perfume

Plain and fancy soaps

Cosmetics

Pomanders

Perfume

Hair brushes, &c., &c.

Together with a general and varied assortment, the character of
which will be by our notice of former shipments.

Terms of sale.

By order of the Official Assignees.

In the Estate of Chancery Perry Scudder.

M. R. ROBERT MURIEL will sell by
public auction, at his Rooms, No. 453, George-street,
THIS DAY, the 20th instant, at 11 o'clock.

A quantity of wounding apparel and bedding.

The property of the insolvent estate of Chancery Perry Scudder.

Terms, cash.

Corn Bags

French Caskets

French Boxes

French Cases

French Drapery

